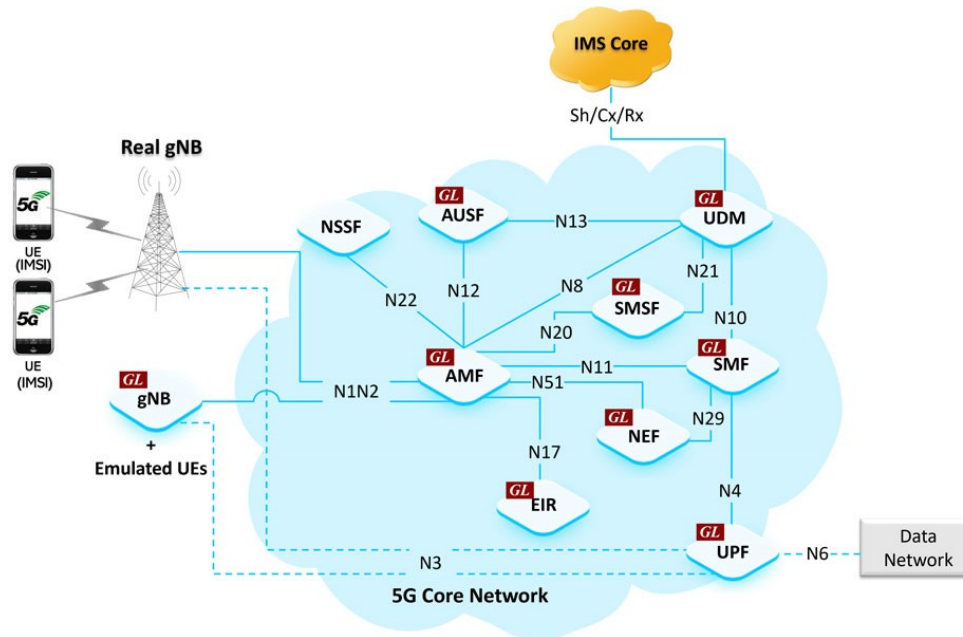




5G Core (5GC) Network Test Solutions

October 2024



- **5G Communications Network Lab**
- **5G Core Network Emulation -**
 - ◆ MAPS™ 5G N1 N2 Interface Emulator
 - ◆ MAPS™ 5G N4 Interface Emulator
 - ◆ MAPS™ 5G N8 Interface Emulator
 - ◆ MAPS™ 5G N10 Interface Emulator
 - ◆ MAPS™ 5G N11 Interface Emulator
 - ◆ MAPS™ 5G N12 Interface Emulator
 - ◆ MAPS™ 5G N13 Interface Emulator
 - ◆ MAPS™ 5G N17 Interface Emulator
 - ◆ MAPS™ 5G N20 Interface Emulator
 - ◆ MAPS™ 5G N21 Interface Emulator
 - ◆ MAPS™ 5G N22 Interface Emulator
 - ◆ MAPS™ 5G N29 Interface Emulator
 - ◆ MAPS™ 5G N51 Interface Emulator

- **Monitoring 5G Core Network**

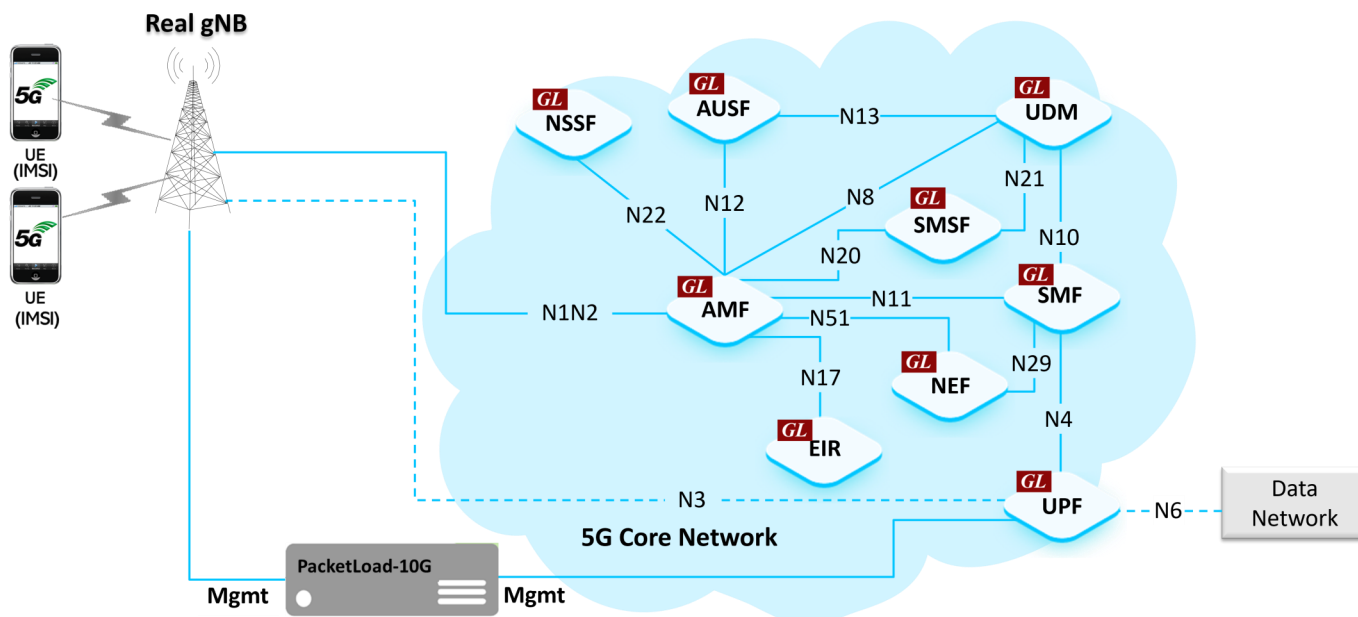
For more information, refer to [5G Core \(5GC\) Network Test Solution](#) webpage.

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5G Core Network Emulation

5G Communications Network Lab



GL offers an end-to-end [5G Communication Network Lab](#) (CNL) with all components within the wireless infrastructure to emulate 5G Core and it provides an advanced full-fledged “Live Network” at premises in any customized package to suit test requirements. The test suite provides reliable integrated solutions to vendors and service providers for emulation, monitoring, troubleshooting the wireless network, including, 5G, 4G, 3G and 2G. All functionalities conform to industry standards.

MAPS™ 5GC Network emulator can emulate multiple UEs and elements such as UE+gNB, AMF, SMF, UPF, AUSF, UDM, SMSF and EIR which forms the 5GC network. The Emulator is designed to test 5G NR base stations (gNBs) and 5G Core Network Functions (NF) according to 3GPP standards (Release 17). With the help of mobile phones, and other emulated wireless networks, the 5G Lab setup can be operated in real-time for making Voice over New Radio (VoNR) calls and for interworking with PSTN and VoIP networks. It includes ready-to-use scripts, as per IETF specification. Test scripts include general messaging and call flow scenarios for multimedia call session setup and control over IP networks.

GL’s MAPS™ supports emulation of 5GC network interfaces - N1N2, N4, N8, N10, N11, N12, N13, N17, N20, N21, N22, N29, N51, and other GTP interfaces.

Supported procedures include both roaming and non-roaming, including interworking between 5G System (5G RAN + 5GC) and Evolved Packet System (4G RAN + EPC), mobility within 5GS, QoS, policy control and charging, authentication and in general 5G System wide features such as SMS, Location Services, Emergency Services.

MAPS™ is enhanced to support Linux® environments, expanding deployment options. Its web interface enables 5G emulation and testing on Linux® servers. The multi-user interface allows easy, remote test configuration from any device.

MAPS™ 5G can be configured as Command Line Interface (CLI) server application, to enable remote controlling of the application through command-line based clients. Supporting clients include Python. Clients can remotely perform all functions such as start testbed setup, load scripts, profiles, apply user events such as originate call, terminate call, start and stop traffic. Users can also generate and receive calls through commands.

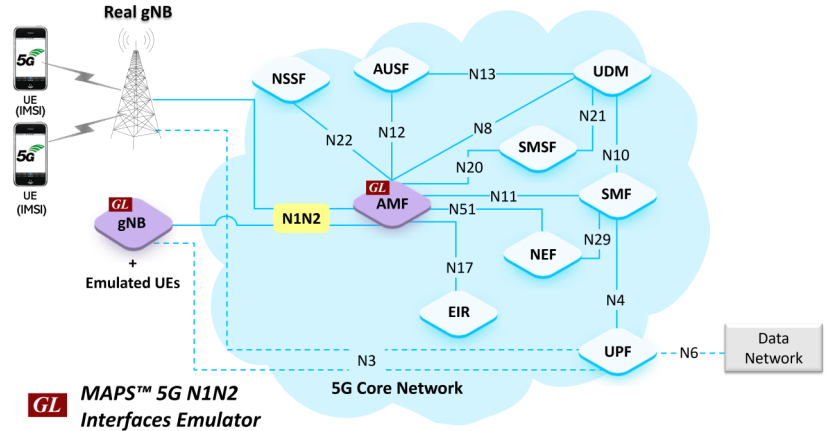
5G Core Network Emulation

MAPS™ 5G N1N2 Interface Emulator

GL's Message Automation and Protocol Simulation (MAPS™) is enhanced to test 5G N1N2 interfaces, it can emulate gNodeB (gNB), and Access and Mobility Management Function (AMF) according to 3GPP standards (Release 17).

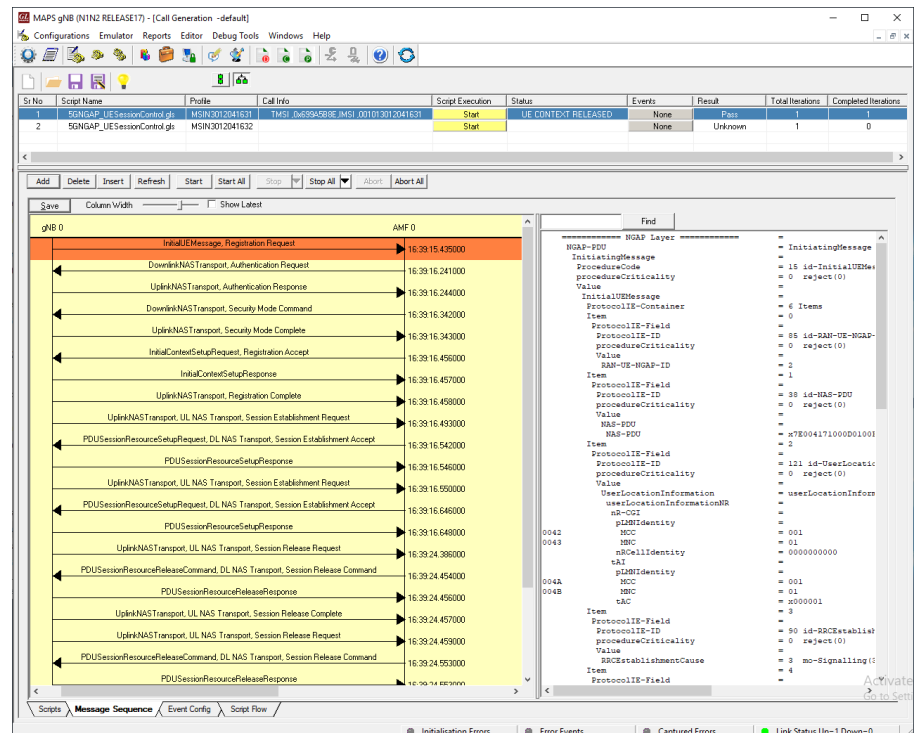
It supports Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) signaling on N1 interface between UE and AMF. It supports NGAP to emulate signaling services between NG-RAN and AMF.

In addition to control plane emulation, the application supports generation and verification of traffic, including VoNR (Voice) calls with SIP signaling and RTP Traffic generation. It also emulate mobile traffic such as HTTP, FTP, Video by playing back stateful real capture over established TCP connection with additional licenses - Mobile Traffic Core – GTP (ETH101) and Mobile Traffic Core – Gateway (ETH102).



- Setup a virtual real-time scenario simulating 5G interoperability with 4G-LTE network elements
- Emulates UE+gNodeB and AMF nodes
- Supports Control plane signaling and User plane traffic
- Supported Procedures in N1 and N2 interfaces includes -

- NG Reset
- NG Setup
- Initial Context Setup
- UE Context Release
- Registration
- De-registration
- Primary authentication
- key agreement procedure
- Security mode control
- Identification
- Includes gateway functionality to forward mobile traffic over GTP to and from external IP network
- Generate and process NGAP/NAS (valid and invalid) messages
- Emulates tens of thousands of 5G subscribers (Load Testing)



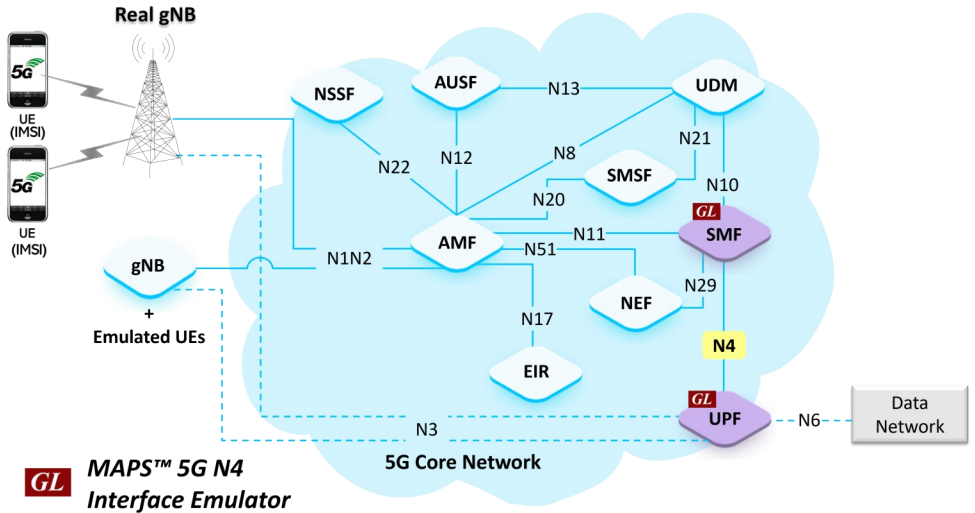
5G N1N2 interface Call Control Procedure at gNodeB Node (Call Generation)

5G Core Network Emulation

MAPS™ 5G N4 Interface Emulator

GL's MAPS™ 5G-N4 Interface Emulator is an advanced protocol emulator for 5G emulation over N4 interface that can emulate PCF signaling messages as defined by 3GPP standards (Release 17). Packet Forwarding Control Protocol (PCF) used on the interface between the control plane and the user plane function. As shown in the network diagram, N4 is the reference point in the control and user plane separation (CUPS) architecture.

MAPS™ 5G-N4 can emulate and test Session Management Function (SMF) and User Plane Function (UPF) elements. SMF in the 5G N4 interface is primarily concerned with managing the UE's PDU sessions. Its responsibilities include the establishment, modification, and release of the PDU sessions. UPF in the CUPS architecture is responsible for handling user data and reporting the traffic usage data to the SMF.



- Emulates Session Management Function (SMF) and User Plane Function (UPF) elements
- Supports 5G Control plane and User plane
- Supported procedures include - establishment, modification, and release of the PDU sessions
- Supported Traffic types include Mobile Traffic, Packet Traffic, and VoNR
- Generates and process PCF (valid and invalid) messages
- Supports GTP Traffic (GTP User Plane Data), HTTP traffic generation capability
- Supports customization of call flow and message templates using Script and Message Editor
- Provides Call Statistics and Events Status
- Automation, Remote access, and Schedulers to run tests 24/7

The screenshot shows the MAPS SMF (N4 RELEASE17) software interface. The main window displays a table of call execution results:

Sr No	Script Name	Profile	Call Info	Script Exec.	Status	Events	Events Profile	Result	Total Iterat...	Completed Iterations
1	PFCPSessionControl.gls	Profile	SMFSEID : 0x03, UPFSEID : 0x00000000000002712	Start	SESSION-TERMINATED	None		Post	1	0
2	PFCPSessionControl.gls			Start		None		Unknown	1	0
3	PFCPSessionControl.gls			Start		None		Unknown	1	0
4	PFCPSessionControl.gls			Start		None		Unknown	1	0

Below the table, there is a detailed view of a message sequence between SMF and UPF. The sequence includes:

- Session Establishment Request (SMF to UPF)
- Session Establishment Response (UPF to SMF)
- Session Modification Request (SMF to UPF)
- Session Modification Response (UPF to SMF)
- Session Deletion Request (SMF to UPF)
- Session Deletion Response (UPF to SMF)

The right side of the interface shows a detailed view of a PFCP Layer message, including fields like Message Priority, FO (Follow On), Spare, Version, Message Type, Length, Session Endpoint Identifier, Sequence Number, Spare, Message Priority, Node ID, Information Element Id, and Length.

5G N4 interface Call Control Procedure at SMF Node (Call Generation)

5G Core Network Emulation

MAPS™ 5G Service-Based Interface Emulator

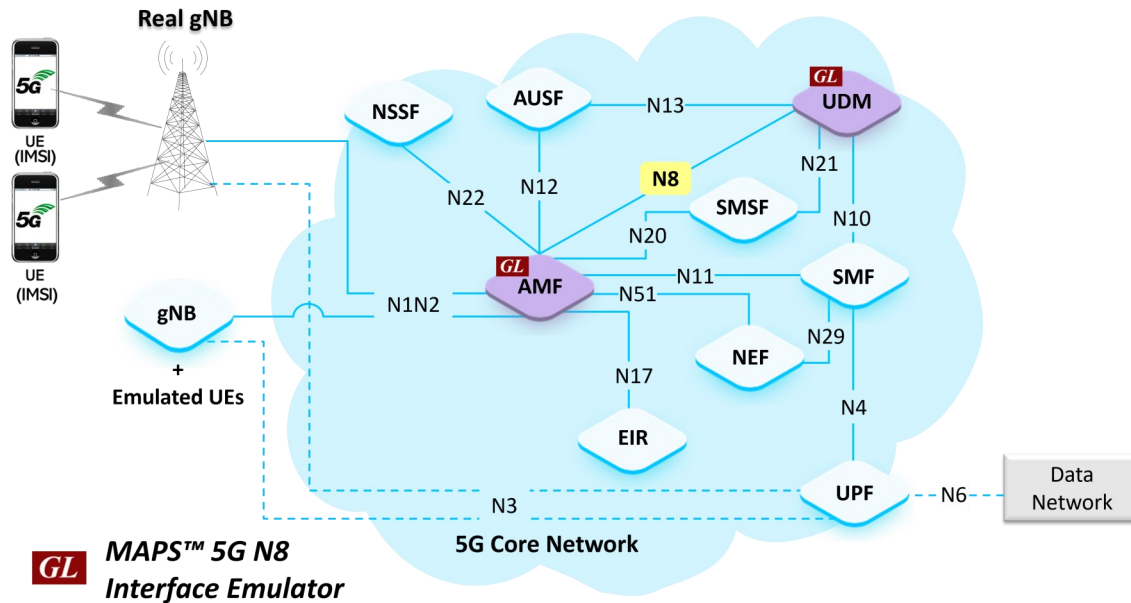
GL's MAPS™ 5G System as a service-based architecture, includes a set of network functions providing services as defined in 3GPP standards (Release 17). The service-based interfaces use HTTP/2 protocol with JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) as the application layer serialization protocol.

Main Features

- Services use REST APIs based on HTTP and JSON data format
- Supports CLI through a client-server model, enabling users to control all features via Python APIs
- Supports TLS and TCP transport
- Supports scripted call generation and automated call reception
- Supports customization of call flow and message templates using Script Editor and JSON Messages
- Ready-to-use scripts for quick testing
- Provides Call Statistics and Events Status
- Emulates multiple subscribers using CSV Profiles
- Automation, Remote access, and Schedulers to run tests 24/7

5G Core Network Emulation

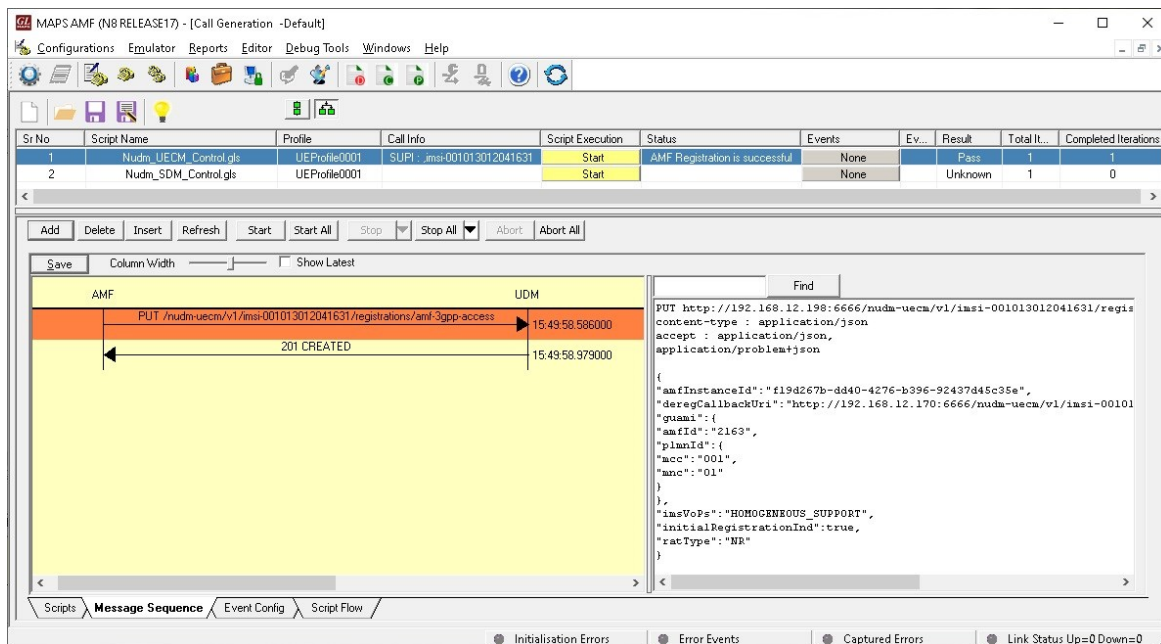
MAPS™ 5G N8 Interface Emulator



MAPS™ 5G N8 can emulate Unified Data Management (UDM) and Access and Mobility Management Function (AMF) within the 5G Core network.

The Network Function UDM is the entity in the 5G Core Network (5GC) supports **Nudm_SubscriberDataManagement** Services, **Nudm_UEContextManagement** Services, **Namf_MT** Service, **Namf_Location** Service, and **Namf_Communication** services via the Nudm and Namf services-based N8 interface.

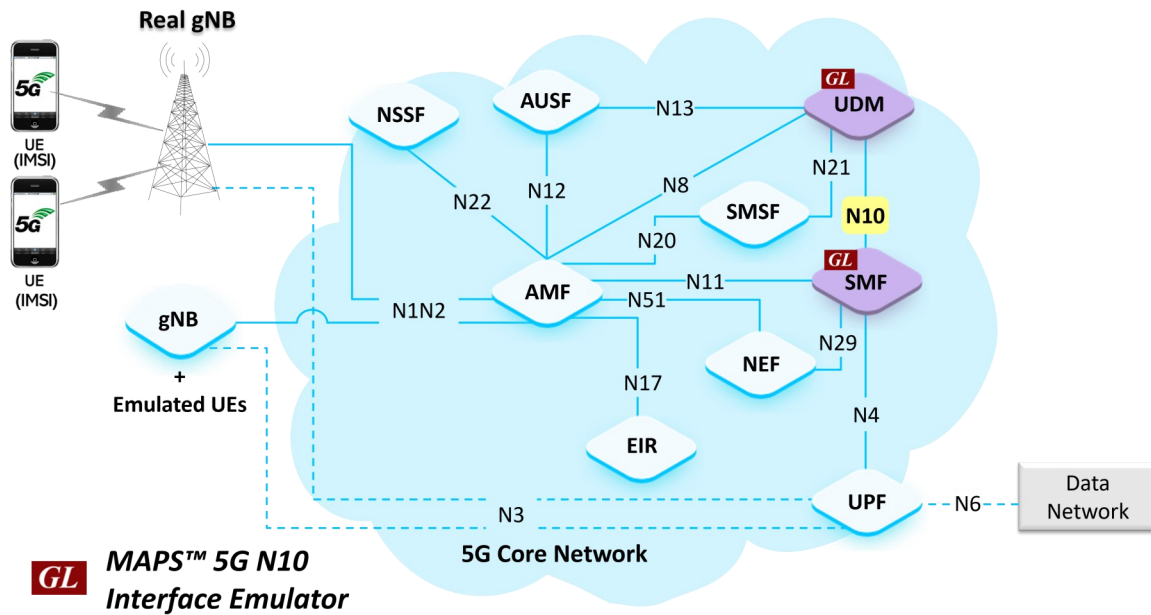
- Emulate AMF and UDM elements



5G N8 interface Call Generation at AMF Node

5G Core Network Emulation

MAPS™ 5G N10 Interface Emulator



MAPS™ 5G N10 can emulate UDM within the 5G Core offering services to the SMF via the Nudm service-based N10 interface respectively. The 5G network represents the service-based interface, with focus on N10 between UDM and SMF.

The network function UDM and SMF are the entities in 5G Core Network, which supports the following services via the Nudm service-based N10 interface respectively.

- Nudm_SubscriberDataManagement Services
- Nudm_UEContextManagement Services

The screenshot shows the MAPS SMF (N10 RELEASE17) software interface. The main window displays a table of call generation results:

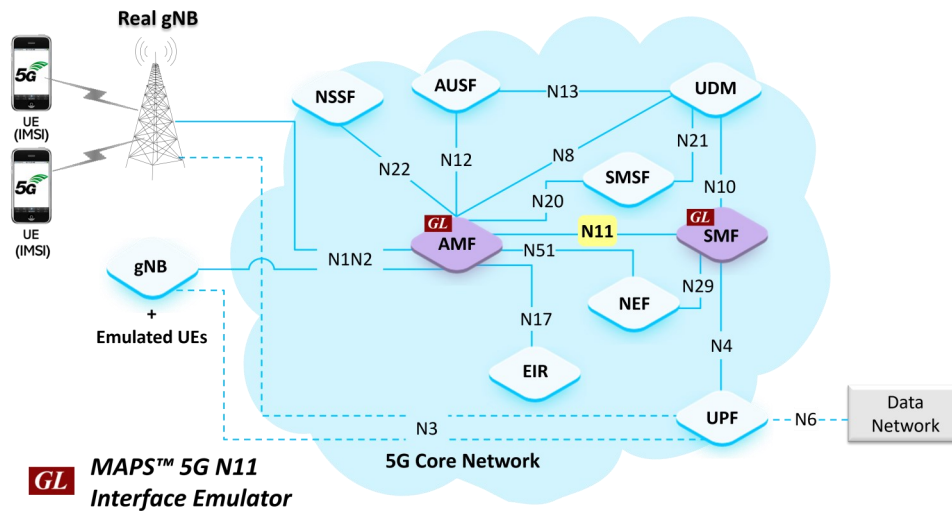
Sr No	Script Name	Profile	Call Info	Script Execution	Status	Events	Result	Total It...	Completed Iterations
1	Nudm_UECM_Control_gls	UEProfile0001	SUPI : ,imsi-001013012041631	Start	SMF Registration is successful	None	Pass	1	1
2	Nudm_SDM_Control_gls	UEProfile0001	SUPI : ,imsi-001013012041631	Start	UE's SM Data Received	None	Pass	1	1

Below the table, there is a 'Message Sequence' diagram showing the interaction between SMF and UDM. The diagram shows a GET request from SMF to UDM at 12:36:33.716000, and a 200 OK response from UDM to SMF at 12:36:34.111000. The request URL is `GET http://192.168.12.198:6666/nudm-sdm/v2/imsi-001013012041631/sm-data?dnn=internet` and the response body is `accept : application/json, application/problem+json`.

Emulate UDM and SMF elements 5G N10 interface Call Generation at SMF Node

5G Core Network Emulation

MAPS™ 5G N11 Interface Emulator



MAPS™ 5G N11 can emulate Session Management Function (SMF) within the 5G Core offering services to the Access and Mobility Management Function (AMF) via the Nsmf service-based N11 interface. The network diagram represents the service-based interface, with focus on N11 between AMF and SMF. Here, both AMF and SMF act as "NF Producer".

The Network Function SMF and AMF are the entities in 5GC, which supports the following services via the Nsmf and Namf service-based N11 interface.

- Nsmf_PDUSession: Create SM Context, Update SM Context, Release SM Context, Notify SM Context Status and Retrieve SM Context operations
- Namf_Communication Service: N1N2 Message Transfer (UE Specific) operations based on N11 interface
- Emulate SMF and AMF elements

Sr No	Script Name	Profile	Call Info	Script Execution	Status	Events	Result	Total Iterations	Completed Itera
1	Namf_Session_Control.gls	MSIN3012041631	imsi-001013012041631	Start	SM Context Released	None	Pass	1	1
2	Namf_Session_Control.gls	MSIN3012041632		Start		None	Unknown	1	0

```

POST http://192.168.12.198:6666/nsmf-pdusession/v1/sm-contexts
accept : application/json,
application/vnd.3gpp.ngap,
application/problem+json
content-type : multipart/related; boundary=8F8924ea47d23c14b86
--8F8924ea47d23c14b86
Content-Type: application/json

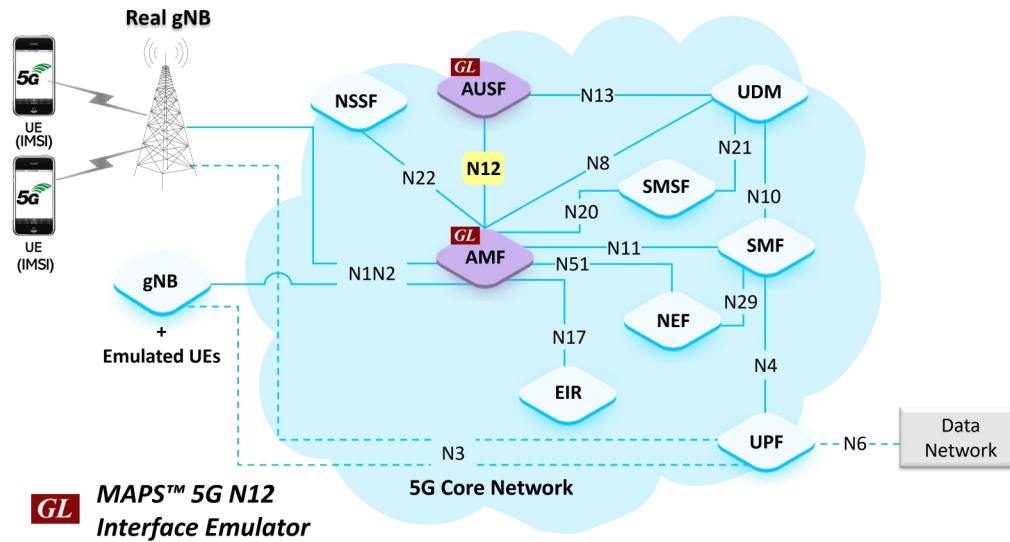
{
  "anType": "3GPP_ACCESS",
  "dnm": "internet",
  "gpsi": "msisdn-3012041631",
  "n1smfsg": {
    "contentId": "5gnas-sm"
  },
  "pduSessionId": 1,
  "pei": "imei-359877069325248",
  "ratType": "NR",

```

5G N11 interface Call Generation at AMF Node

5G Core Network Emulation

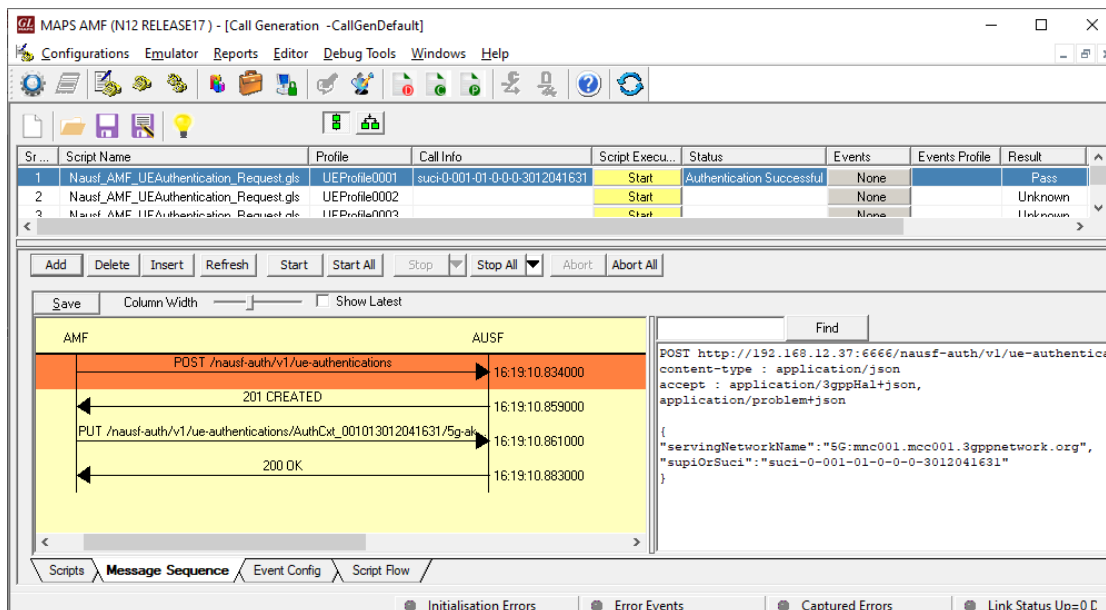
MAPS™ 5G N12 Interface Emulator



MAPS™ N12 emulates Authentication Server Function (AUSF) within the 5G Core offering services to the Access and Mobility Management Function (AMF) via the Nausf service-based N12 interfaces. The 5G network represents the service-based interface, with focus on the AUSF and AMF. Here, AUSF act as producer.

The Network Function AUSF is the entity in the 5GC, which supports the following services via the Nausf service-based N12 interface:

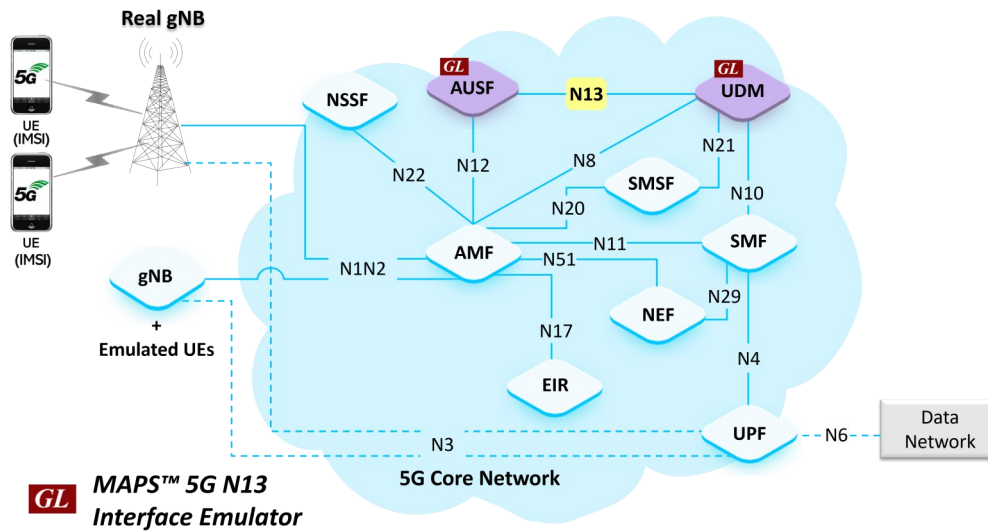
- Nausf_UEAuthentication (Authentication and Key Agreement)
- Nausf_SoRProtection (Steering of Roaming)
- Nausf_UPUProtection (UE Parameters Update)
- Emulate SMF and AMF elements



5G N12 interface Call Generation at AMF Node

5G Core Network Emulation

MAPS™ 5G N13 Interface Emulator



MAPS™ 5G N13 Authentication Server Function (AUSF) within the 5G Core offering services to the User Data Management (UDM) via the Nausf and Nudm service-based N13 interface respectively. The 5G network represents the service-based interface, with focus on N13 between AUSF and UDM. Here, UDM acts as producer.

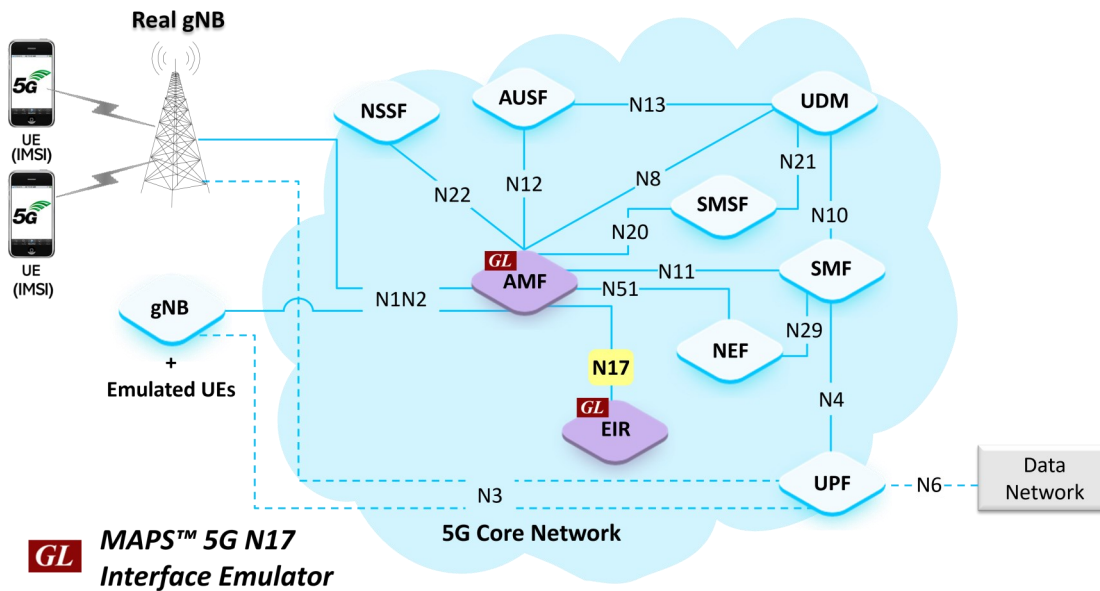
The Network Function AUSF and UDM are the entities in 5GC, which supports the following services via Nudm service-based N13 interface:

- Nudm_UEAuthentication Services : Get and Result Confirmation operations
- Emulate AUSF and UDM elements
- Supports Nudm_UEAuthentication Services Procedure

5G N13 interface Call Generation at AUSF Node

5G Core Network Emulation

MAPS™ 5G N17 Interface Emulator



MAPS™ 5G N17 emulate Equipment Identity Register (EIR) within the 5G core offering services to the AMF via the N5g-eir service-based interface. The 5G network represents the service-based interfaces, with focus on the EIR and AMF.

The EIR and AMF support N5g-eir_EquipmentIdentityCheck Service. In N17 interface, EIR acts as NF Service Producer and AMF acts as NF Service Consumer.

- Emulate EIR and AMF network functions
- Supports Equipment Identity services via the N5g-eir service-based N17 interface

The screenshot shows the MAPS AMF (N17 RELEASE17) software interface. The top part displays a table of call generation results:

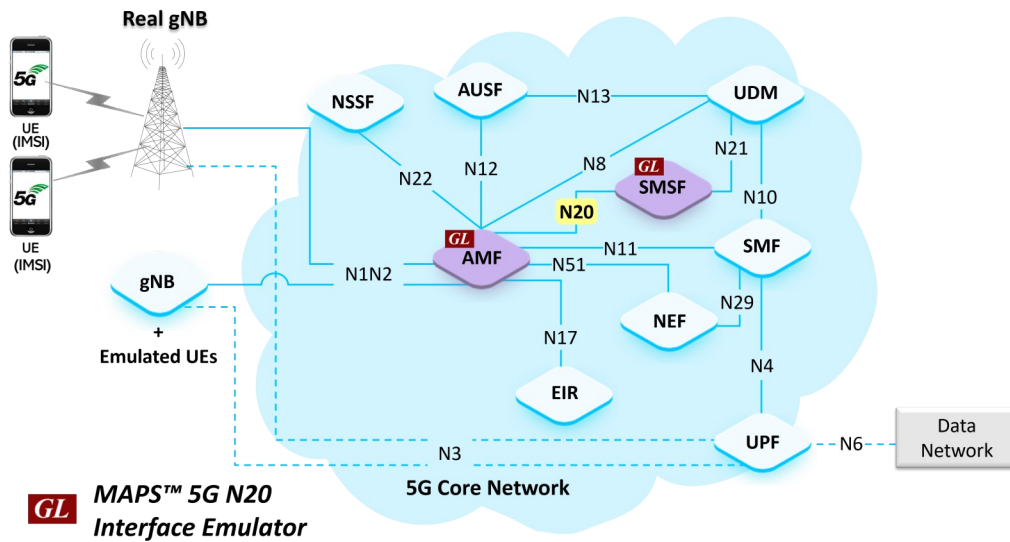
Sr No	Script Name	Profile	Call Info	Script Execution	Status	Events	Result	Total Iterations	Completed Iterations
1	N5g-eir_AMF_Control.gls	UEProfile0002	359877068325249	Start	WHITELISTED	None	Pass	1	1
2	N5g-eir_AMF_Control.gls	UEProfile0003		Start		None	Unknown	1	0
3	N5g-eir_AMF_Control.gls	UEProfile0004		Start		None	Unknown	1	0
4	N5g-eir_AMF_Control.gls	UEProfile0005		Start		None	Unknown	1	0

The bottom part shows a message sequence diagram between the AMF and EIR. The AMF sends a GET request to the EIR: GET /n5g-eir-eic/v1/equipment-status?pei=imei-359877068325249&gpsi=msisdn-3012041632. The EIR responds with a 200 OK. The response body is: {"status": "WHITELISTED"}.

5G N17 Interface Call Generation at AMF Node

5G Core Network Emulation

MAPS™ 5G N20 Interface Emulator



MAPS™ 5G N20 emulates Short Message Service Function (SMSF) within the 5G core offering services to the AMF via the Nsmsg service-based N20 interface. The 5G network represents the service-based interfaces, with focus on the SMSF and AMF.

- Emulate SMSF and AMF network function.
- Supported procedures are -
 - Nsmsg_SMSService : Activate, Deactivate and UplinkSMS (MOSMS)
 - Namf_Communication Service : N1N2MessageTransfer(UE Specific) operations based on N20 interface

The screenshot shows the MAPS AMF (N20 RELEASE17) software interface. The top part displays a table of call generation results:

Sr No	Script Name	Profile	Call Info	Script Executi...	Status	Events	Events Profile	Result	Total Iterations	Comp
1	Nsmsg_AMF_SMSService_Activation.gls	MSIN3012041631	imsi-001013012041631	Start	SMSService Activation Successful	None		Pass	1	
2	Nsmsg_AMF_Mo_SMS.gls			Start		None		Unknown	1	
3	Nsmsg_AMF_SMSService_Deactivation.gls			Start		None		Unknown	1	

Below the table, there is a message sequence diagram showing a PUT request from the AMF to the SMSF and a 201 CREATED response from the SMSF to the AMF. The timestamp for the request is 11:07:37.660000 and for the response is 11:07:37.956000.

The right side of the interface shows the JSON response body:

```

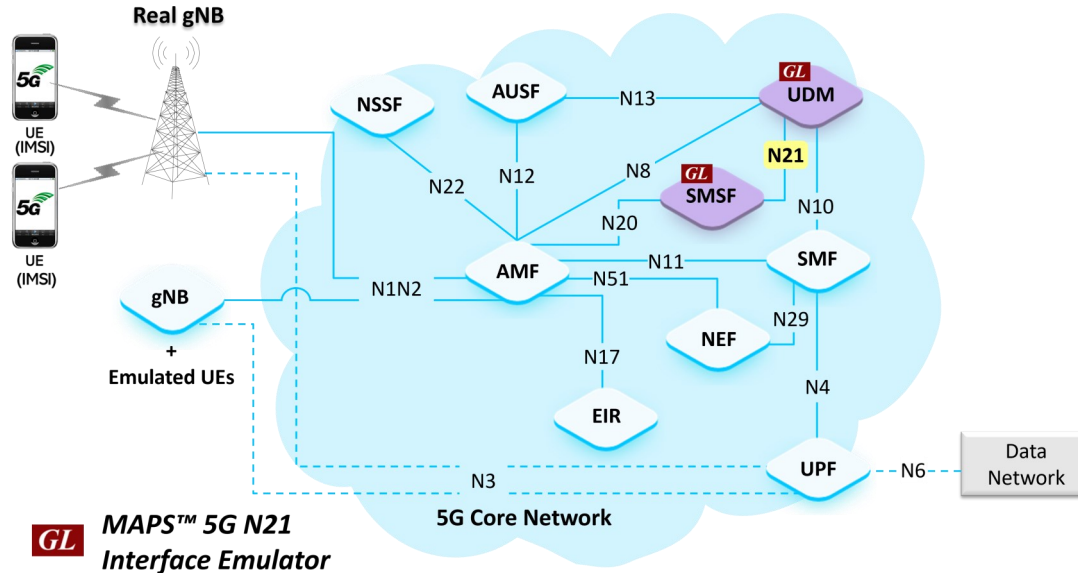
Status: 201
:status : 201
content-type : application/json
location : https://192.168.1.31:7777/nsmsg-sms/v2/ue-contexts/imsi-001013012041631
content-length : 120

{
  "accessType": "3GPP_ACCESS",
  "amfId": "9300ef7b-93ca-440a-905a-cc3f64af71e9",
  "ratType": "NR",
  "supi": "imsi-001013012041631"
}
    
```

5G N20 interface Call Generation at AMF Node

5G Core Network Emulation

MAPS™ 5G N21 Interface Emulator



MAPS™ 5G N21 emulates Unified Data Management (UDM) within the 5G Core offering services to the Short Message Service Function (SMSF) via the Nudm service-based N21 interface respectively. The 5G network represents the service-based interface, with focus on N21 between UDM and SMSF. Here UDM node can act as "NF Producer".

The SMSF and UDM are the entities in 5G Core Network, which supports the following services .

- Nudm_UEContextManagement Service
- Nudm_SubscriberDataManagement Service
- Emulates Short Message Service Function and Unified Data Management (UDM) elements

The screenshot shows the MAPS SMSF (N21 RELEASE17) software interface. The window title is "MAPS SMSF (N21 RELEASE17) - [Call Generation - CallGenDefault]". The interface includes a menu bar (Configurations, Emulator, Reports, Editor, Debug Tools, Windows, Help) and a toolbar. A table displays the call generation log:

Sr No	Script Name	Profile	Call Info	Script Exec...	Status	Events	Events Profile	Result	To
1	Nudm_UECM_Control.gls	UEProfile0001	SUPI :_imsi-001013012041631	Start	SMSF Registration for 3GPP access is successful	None		Pass	

Below the table, there are buttons for "Add", "Delete", "Insert", "Refresh", "Start", "Start All", "Stop", "Stop All", "Abort", and "Abort All". The main area shows a "Message Sequence" diagram between SMSF and UDM. The SMSF sends a PUT request to the UDM: "PUT /nudm-uecm/v1/imsi-001013012041631/registrations/smsf-3gpp-access". The UDM responds with a "200 OK" status. The timestamp for the request is 17:11:55.936000 and for the response is 17:11:56.065000. To the right of the diagram, the response body is displayed as JSON:

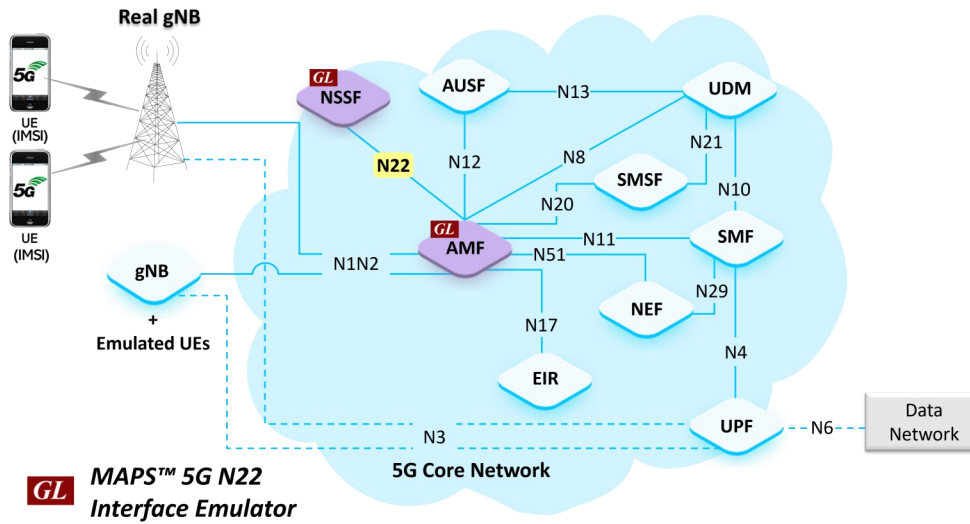
```
PUT https://192.168.12.89:6666/nudm-uecm/v1/imsi-001013012041631/registration
content-type : application/json
accept : application/json,
application/problem+json
{
  "plmnId": {
    "mcc": "001",
    "mnc": "01"
  },
  "smsfInstanceId": "f39c418e-8f8f-4c0a-a435-2d4bc5703d32",
  "supportedFeatures": "0"
}
```

At the bottom of the interface, there are tabs for "Scripts", "Message Sequence", "Event Config", and "Script Flow". The status bar at the bottom shows "Initialisation Errors", "Error Events", "Captured Errors", and "Link Status Up=0 Down".

5G N21 interface Call Generation at SMSF Node

5G Core Network Emulation

MAPS™ 5G N22 Interface Emulator



MAPS™ N22 emulate Network Slice Selection Function (NSSF) within the 5G Core offering services to the Access and Mobility Management Function (AMF) via the Nssf service-based N22 interface. The above network architecture represents the service-based architecture, with focus on N22 between NSSF and AMF. Here, node NSSF can act as "NF Producer".

The AMF and NSSF are the entities in 5G Core Network (5GC), which supports the following services .

- Nnssf_NSSelection
- Nnssf_NSSAIAvailability
- Emulates Short Message Service Function and Unified Data Management (UDM) elements

The screenshot shows the MAPS AMF (N22 RELEASE15) software interface. The top part displays a table of call generation results:

Sr No	Script Name	Profile	Call Info	Script Execution	Status	Events	Result	Total Iterations	Completed Iteratio
1	Nnssf_AMF_NSSelection_Get_Request_Registration.gls	UEProfile0001	087850d-b35f-4a8f-a...	Start	Slice Selected for Registration	None	Pass	1	1
2	Nnssf_AMF_NSSelection_Get_Request_PDUSession.gls	UEProfile0001		Start		None	Unknown	1	0
3	Nnssf_AMF_NSSAIAvailabilityPut_Request.gls	UEProfile0001		Start		None	Unknown	1	0

The bottom part of the screenshot shows a message sequence diagram for a GET request to the NSSF. The request is sent from the MAPS node to the DUT (Device Under Test) at 17:18:16.946000. The response is received at 17:18:17.021000 with a status of 200 OK. The response body is a JSON object:

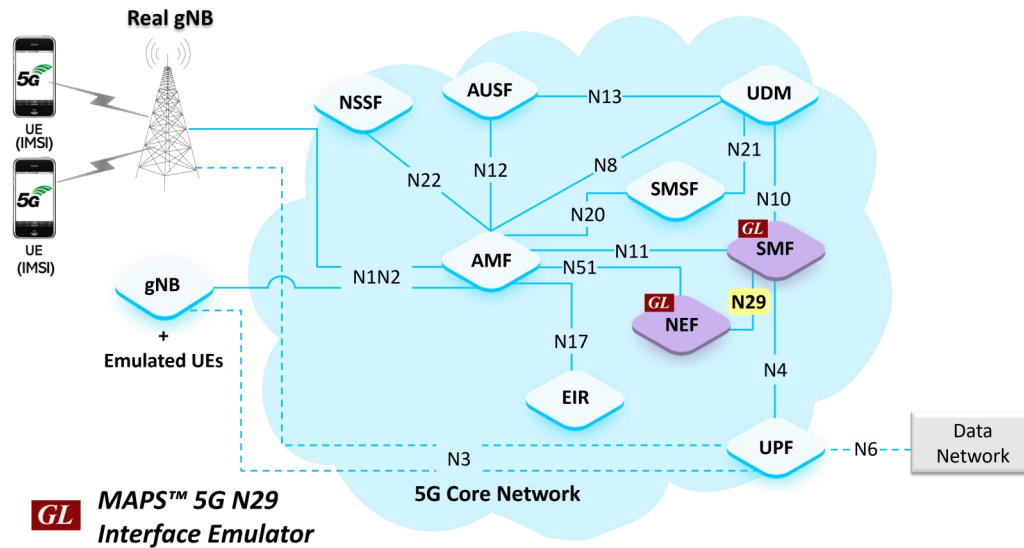
```

GET http://192.168.1.20:6666/nssf-nssselection/v2/network-slice-information?
"mcc": "10",
"mnc": "100",
}snf-Id=0f87850d-b35f-4a8f-a429-5be1e9931248snf-type=RMFrequestedNssai={
"sd": "04",
"sst": 1
}
}slice-info-request-for-registration={
"subscribedNssai": [
"defaultIndication": true,
"subscribedSnsai": {
"sd": "01",
"sst": 1
}
}
}
accept : application/json,
application/problem+json
    
```

5G N22 interface Call Generation at SMSF Node

5G Core Network Emulation

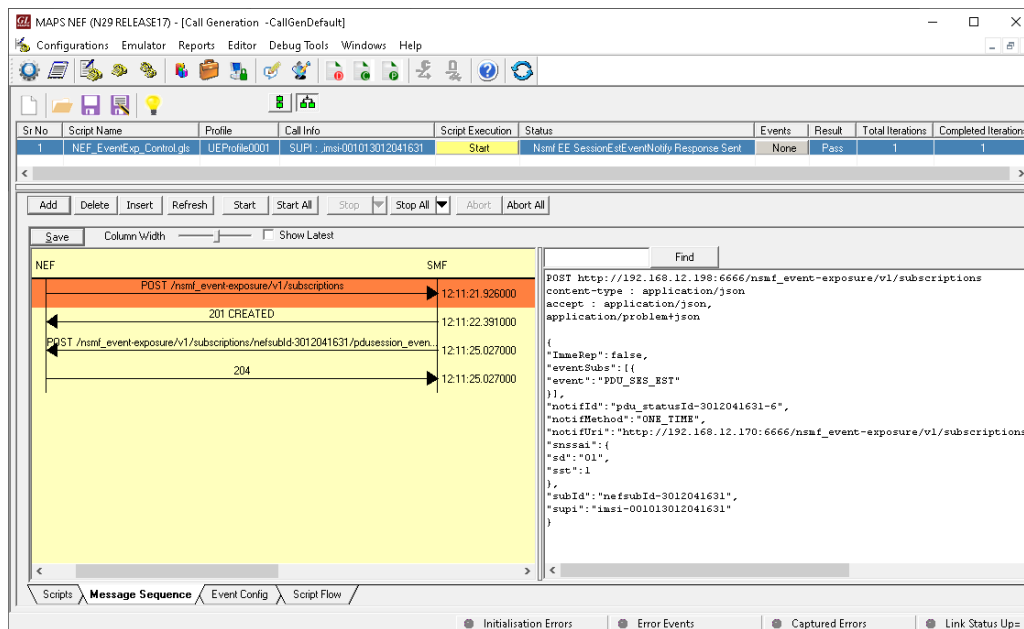
MAPS™ 5G N29 Interface Emulator



MAPS™ 5G N29 Interface emulate Network Exposure Function (NEF) within the 5G Core offering services to the Session Management Function (SMF) via the Nsmf service-based N29 interface. The above network architecture represents the service-based architecture, with focus on N29 between NEF and SMF. Here, node NEF can act as "NF Producer".

The NEF and SMF are the entities in 5G Core Network (5GC), which supports the following services

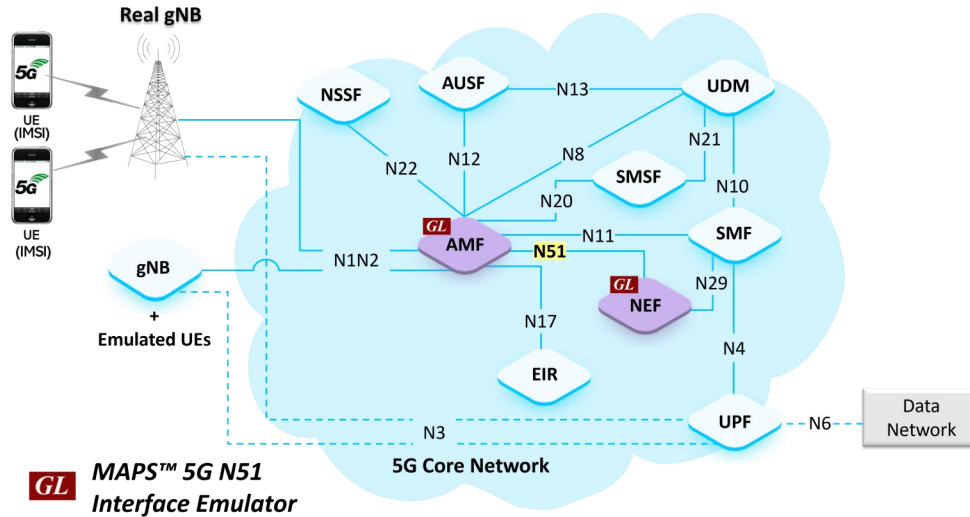
- UE Subscription for notification for one time event detection
 - PDU session release Event
 - QFI allocation Event
 - UE IP address/prefix change Event



5G N29 interface Call Generation at NEF Node

5G Core Network Emulation

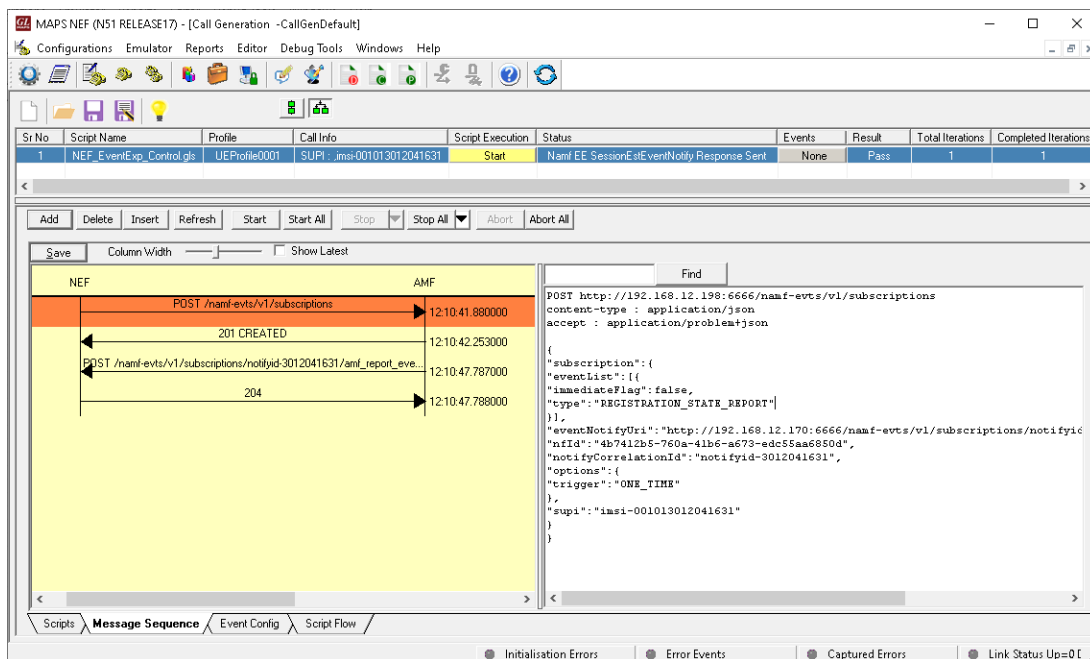
MAPS™ 5G N51 Interface Emulator



MAPS™ 5G N51 emulate Network Exposure Function (NEF) within the 5G Core offering services to the Access and Mobility Management Function (AMF) via the Namf service-based N51 interface. The above network architecture represents the service-based architecture, with focus on N51 between NEF and AMF. Here, node NEF can act as "NF Producer".

The NEF and AMF are the entities in 5G Core Network (5GC), which supports the following services

- UE Subscription for notification for one time event detection
 - Registration State Change Event
 - Connection State Change Event
 - Location Report Event
 - Presence In Area of Interest Event



5G N51 interface Call Generation at NEF Node

5G Core Network Monitoring & Diagnosis

The screenshot displays the PacketScan 64-bit interface. The top section shows a table of captured frames with columns for Device, Frame#, TIME (Relative), Length (Bytes), Error, Length/Protocol Type/MAC, Packet Type/MAC, Source IP Address IPv4, and Destination IP Address IPv4. The bottom section shows a detailed protocol tree for an NGAP layer packet, including fields like Length, TSN, Stream Identifier, Stream Sequence Number, Payload Protocol Identifier, and various NGAP-PDU parameters such as Extensibility Marker, Choice Index, InitiatingMessage, ProcedureCode, Contents, procedureCriticality, Value, Length, InitialUEMessage, ProtocolIE-Container, Iteration Count, ProtocolIE-Field, ProtocolIE-ID, RAN-UE-NGAP-ID, Length Determinant, and NAS-PDU.

Device	Frame#	TIME (Relative)	Length (Bytes)	Error	Length/Protocol Type/MAC	Packet Type/MAC	Source IP Address IPv4	Destination IP Address IPv4
✓ 0	54	00:00:04.071183000	60		ARP			
✓ 0	55	00:00:04.078905000	60		ARP			
✓ 0	56	00:00:04.530010000	217		Internet IP[IPv4]		192.168.12.10	239.255.255.250
✓ 0	57	00:00:04.530250000	217		Internet IP[IPv4]		192.168.12.11	239.255.255.250
✓ 0	58	00:00:04.679183000	158		Internet IP[IPv4]		192.168.13.101	192.168.13.106
✓ 0	59	00:00:04.756884000	60		ARP			
✓ 0	60	00:00:04.769177000	130		Internet IP[IPv4]		192.168.13.106	192.168.13.101
✓ 0	61	00:00:04.779202000	126		Internet IP[IPv4]		192.168.13.101	192.168.13.106

```
0030 Length = 112 (x0070)
0032 TSN = 448 (x000001C0)
0036 Stream Identifier = 0 (x0000)
0038 Stream Sequence Number = 448 (x01C0)
003A Payload Protocol Identifier = x0000003C NGAP
----- NGAP Layer -----
NGAP-PDU = CHOICE
Extensibility Marker = 0
Choice Index = 0
InitiatingMessage = SEQUENCE
ProcedureCode = INTEGER
Contents = 15 id-InitialUEMessage
procedureCriticality = ENUMERATOR
Contents = 0 reject(0)
Value = Open Type
Length = 32
InitialUEMessage = SEQUENCE
Extensibility Marker = 0
ProtocolIE-Container = SEQUENCE OF
Iteration Count = 6
ProtocolIE-Container = Instance 0
ProtocolIE-Field = SEQUENCE
ProtocolIE-ID = INTEGER
Contents = 85 id-RAN-UE-NGAP-ID
procedureCriticality = ENUMERATOR
Contents = 0 reject(0)
Value = Open Type
Length = 2
RAN-UE-NGAP-ID = INTEGER
Length Determinant = 1
Contents = 36
ProtocolIE-Container = Instance 1
ProtocolIE-Field = SEQUENCE
ProtocolIE-ID = INTEGER
Contents = 38 id-NAS-PDU
procedureCriticality = ENUMERATOR
Contents = 0 reject(0)
Value = Open Type
Length = 44
NAS-PDU = SEQUENCE
NAS-PDU = OCTET STRING
```

5G Network Call Capture

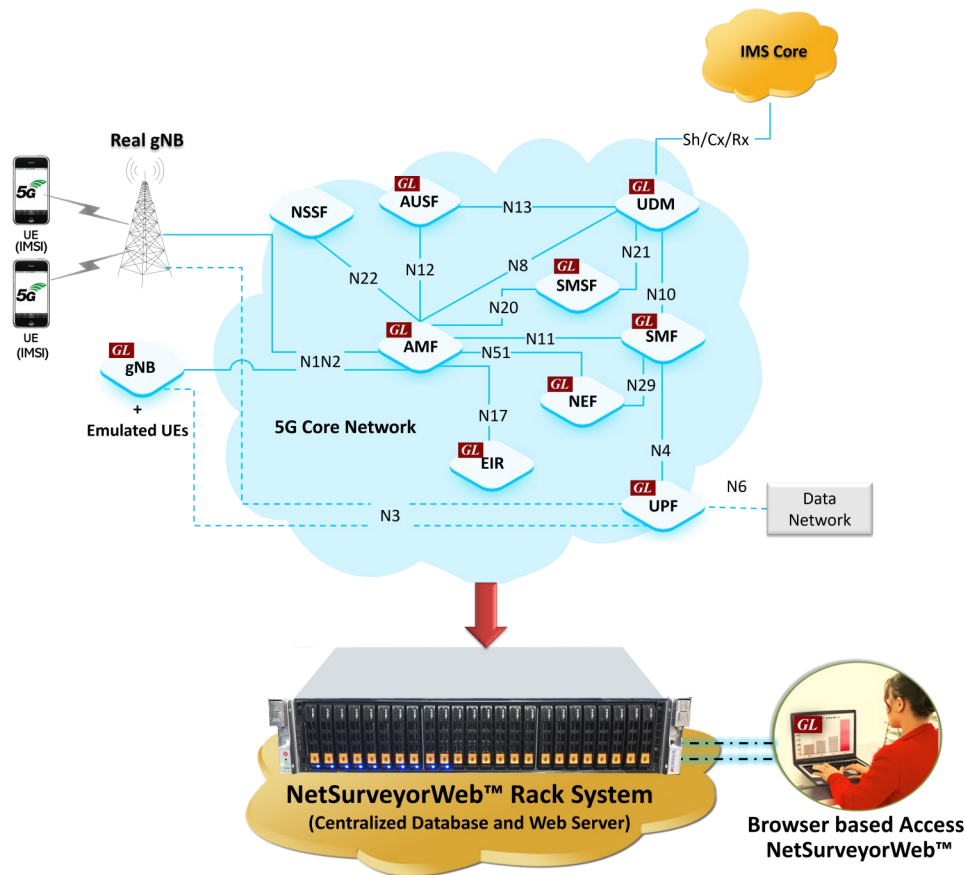
GL's [PacketScan™ - an All-IP Network Monitoring](#) software offers powerful features to capture and monitor live signaling and traffic over IP. [PacketScan™](#) with Voice, Data, and Video QoS capability addresses customers long felt need of call quality analysis in IP networks.

- Capable of capture, decode and perform various test measurements between any two nodes across various interfaces of the 5G network
 - Support for wide-range of codecs, including AMR and AMR WB – visit [Voice Codec](#) webpage for more details.
 - Supports QoS parameters such as E-model (G.107) based MOS/R-Factor scores, Media Delivery Index (Delay Factor: Media Loss Rate) for video calls, Jitter, Delay, and Gap for Audio and Video traffic
 - Segregates, captures, and collects statistics on VoIP and Wireless calls
 - Live monitoring of traffic statistics - digits, tones, voice, video, and T.38 fax over IPv4 and IPv6 (version 4 and version 6) networks
 - Monitors QoS (quality of service) on voice and video calls
 - Supports both real-time and offline analysis
 - Trace files for analysis can be loaded through simple command-line arguments
 - Decode and analyze 5G N1N2, N4, N8, N12, and N13 interfaces
 - The protocols supported for decoding across all these interfaces are NAS, NGAP, GTP-U, SCTP, UDP, TCP, and IP
- High-Density Packet Monitoring Tool (**PacketScan™ HD**): [PacketScan™ HD](#) is an high density multi-protocol VoIP monitoring, reporting and diagnostic network monitoring appliance. It can capture and process high volumes of communication protocols over IP and Wireless at 1GigE (PKV120) and 10GigE (PKV122) data rates.

For more details, refer to [PacketScan™ for Wireless Networks](#) webpage.

5G Core Network Monitoring & Diagnosis

NetSurveyorWeb™ - Centralized System



GL's [NetSurveyorWeb™ \(PKV170\)](#) is a centralized web-based client that facilitates display of call data records and call summary using a web interface based on a scalable and flexible architecture. It is used in conjunction with GL's LTE Protocol Analyzer and IMS Protocol Analyzer probes to non-intrusively monitor the entire network from a central remote testing location.

GL's 5G Protocol Analyzers have unlimited ability to capture, decode, and measure KPIs. The analyzers support decoding of all 5G protocols. GL's 5G protocol analysis probes feed data to centralized database (Oracle) in real-time for further analysis. The probes provide instant visibility into the performance with extensive KPIs, and also the operation of nodes in 5G networks.

For more information, refer to [NetSurveyorWeb™ - Centralized System](#) webpage.